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日据初期台湾抗日武装斗争新论

New Exposition of Taiwan's Anti-Japanese Armed Fights
during the Initial Japanese Colonial Period

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摘要

日据初期台湾抗日武装斗争从 1895 年底台北大起义至 1902 年被最终镇压，持续了长达七年之久。此间，台湾人民为反抗日本殖民统治付出了巨大的牺牲，还涌现出简大狮、柯铁、林少猫等著名的抗日英雄。

根据对抗日斗争的参与程度，我们将台湾人民分为抗日集团及民众两大部分。其中，民众又具体包括士绅等台湾社会领导阶层，保甲、壮丁等直接参与总督府军务者以及社会基层民众。通过考察史料，我们发现抗日集团与民众具有反抗殖民、保卫乡土的共同一面，但也在某些特定时期体现出一定的矛盾状态。

受时代背景、身份阶层的局限，抗日军在斗争方式上以传统反抗为主要形式，内部结构呈现出“绿林社会”的特点，并不时有滋扰百姓的行为发生。

民众作为一个整体，其行为同时受到民族主义、乡土意识和现实境遇三种因素影响，徘徊在抗日集团与日本殖民者之间。他们既有痛恨、反抗日本殖民统治者，支援、联合抗日集团的一面，也有无奈和甚至被迫“抗拒”抗日军的一面。而以士绅为代表的台湾本土领导阶层，在武装抗日斗争的缺失，使武装抗日斗争无法提升到一个较高水平。

抗日集团和民众的局限性和矛盾，是其在抗日斗争中团结度不够并最终归于失败的一个重要原因。日本当局以血腥高压和拉拢控制为手段，将民众强制纳入到新的殖民地统治秩序内，则是根本的原因。日据初期台湾社会的扭曲怪象，是日本殖民者给台湾民众造成的深层次的精神摧残，它是日本殖民统治的又一罪证。

关键词：抗日集团；民众；日本殖民者；双重性格

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Abstract

Taiwan's anti-Japanese armed fights during the Initial Japanese colonial period had continued 7 years since the Taipei Uprising at the end of 1895, before it was finally suppressed by Japanese colonial government. During the 7 years, Taiwanese made great sacrifices to resist Japanese colonial rule. Jian Dashi, Ke Tie and Lin Shaomao are the most famous heroes among them.

In this dissertation, we divide Taiwanese into two parts: anti-Japanese army and ordinary people, according to whether they resisted Japanese rule directly and extensively. The ordinary Taiwanese include the upper-class like gentry, Bao-jia, able-bodied men and the primary level. By researching historical materials, we find that sometimes the anti-Japanese army and ordinary people united to fight with Japanese, and sometimes there was contradictions between them.

The anti-Japanese army, restricted by the time and their backgrounds, inherited traditional fighting method from Qing Dynasty. They showed a character of forest outlaws. And they disturbed ordinary people's lives sometimes.

The ordinary people, as a whole, were affected by nationalism, provincialism, and realistic situation. They struggled between Japanese rulers and their compatriots----the anti-Japanese army. On one hand, they hated and resisted Japanese, on the other hand, they were forced to assist with the colonial rulers to search the anti-Japanese army.

The gentry was the leading-class in Taiwan society. Their behavior influenced both the actions of the primary level and the anti-Japanese army's movement. Because of their absence, the anti-Japanese movement kept a low-level.

By analyzing, we find the anti-Japanese and ordinary people are not so perfect. The defect in themselves caused the imbroglio inside Taiwanese. But this is not the root cause. Basically speaking, the imbroglio was brought by the colonial rulers. The Japanese rulers terrified Taiwanese by force and massacre. They also built a complete

colonial system to control Taiwanese. Their colonial rule interrupted the normal development of Taiwan and made Taiwanese behave abnormally. Weird phenomenon like this only happens in colony. This was spiritual damage that the Japanese colonist imposed on Taiwanese, and it's another proof of a crime in colony.

Key Words: the Anti-Japanese Army; Ordinary People; Japanese Colonists; Dual Character

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